

The Prague Dependency Treebank and Valency Annotation (part 2)

Jan Hajič

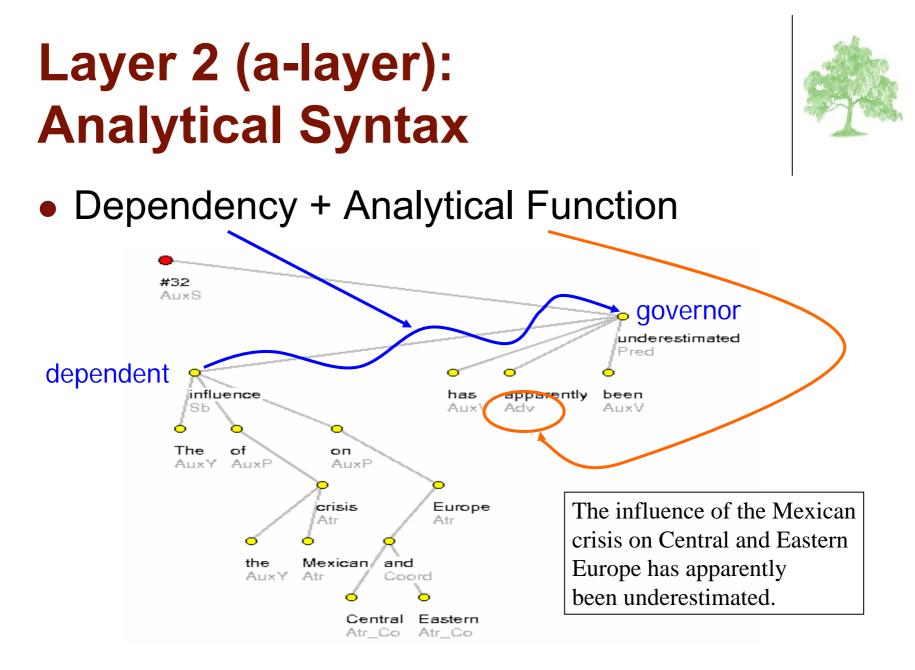
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PDT – Syntactic Annotation (tutorial part 2)

- Surface syntax annotation
 - Dependency surface syntax
 - Comparable to Penn Treebank annotation
 - Convertible: dependency ↔ parse trees
- Deep syntactic/semantic annotation
 - Dependency trees
 - Different topology
 - High level of generalization and formalization
 - Many node attributes

PDT Annotation Layers

- L0 (w) Words (tokens)
 - automatic segmentation and markup only
- L1 (m) Morphology
 - Tag (full morphology, 13 categories), lemma
- L2 (a) Analytical layer (surface syntax)
 - Dependency, analytical dependency function
- L3 (t) Tectogrammatical layer ("deep" syntax)
 - Dependency, functor (detailed), grammatemes, ellipsis solution, coreference, topic/focus (deep word order), valency lexicon



Analytical Syntax: Functions

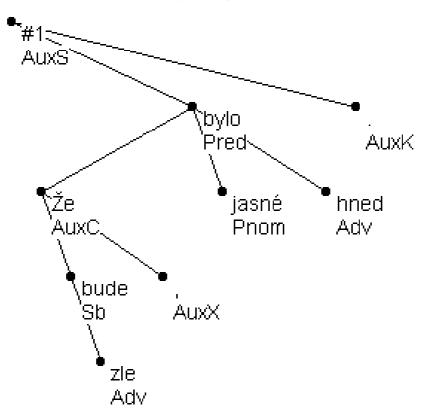


- Main (for [main] semantic lexemes):
 - Pred, Sb, Obj, Adv, Atr, Atv(V), AuxV, Pnom
 - "Double" dependency: AtrAdv, AtrObj, AtrAtr
- Special (function words, punctuation,...):
 - Reflefives, particles: AuxT, AuxR, AuxO, AuxZ, AuxY
 - Prepositions/Conjunctions: AuxP, AuxC
 - Punctuation, Graphics: AuxX, AuxS, AuxG, AuxK
- Structural
 - Elipsis: ExD, Coordination etc.: Coord, Apos

Example

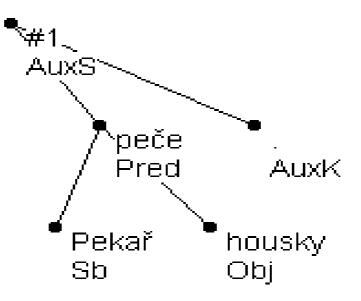


- *lit.* That it will go wrong, (that) was clear immediately.
 - Že bude zle, bylo jasné hned.



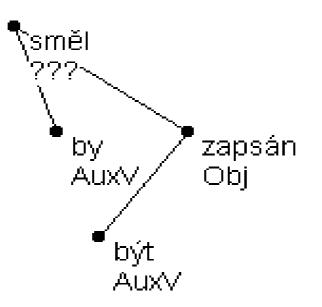


- Complete sentence: Sb, Pred, Obj
 - The-baker bakes rolls.
 - Pekař peče housky.



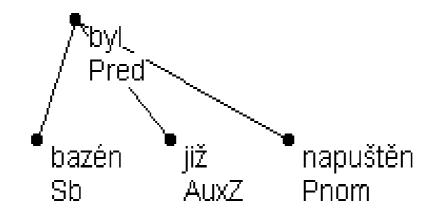


- Analytical verb form:
 - (he) allowed would-be to-be enrolled
 - směl by být zapsán





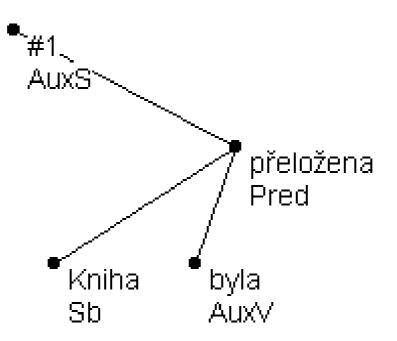
- Predicate with copula (state)
 - (the) pool has-been already filled
 - bazén byl již napuštěn





Passive construction (action)

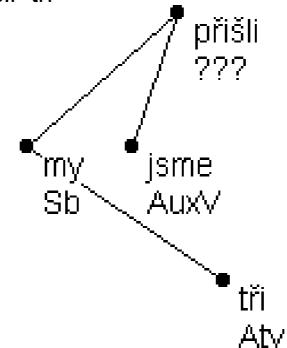
- (The) book has-been translated [by Mr. X]
- Kniha byla přeložena





Complement

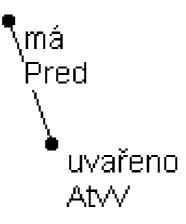
- we (are) came three
- my jsme přišli tři





Complement when NP is missing

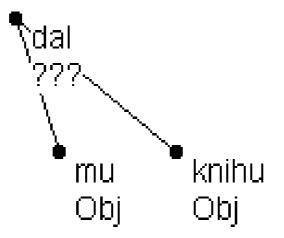
- (he) has cooked [his meals]
- má uvařeno





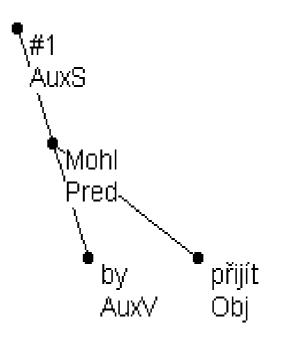
• Object

- (he) gave him a-book
- dal mu knihu





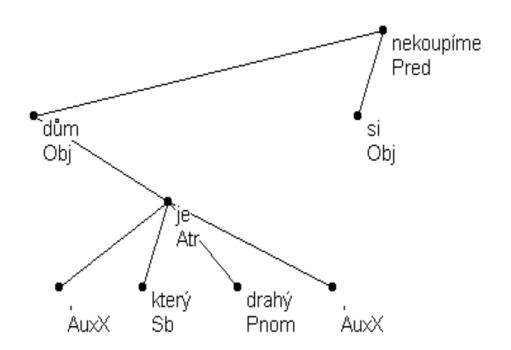
- Object used for infinitive of analytical verb forms
 - (he) Could come
 - Mohl by přijít





• Relative clause (embedded)

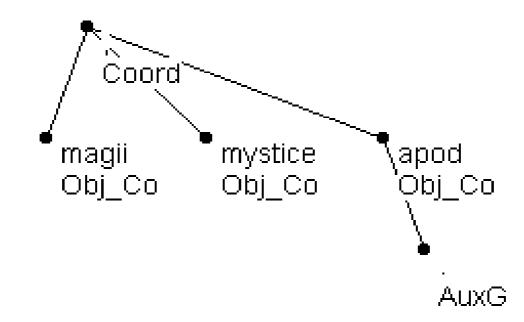
- (a) house, which is expensive, (we) (to-ourselves) will-not-buy
- dům , který je drahý , si nekoupíme





Coordination

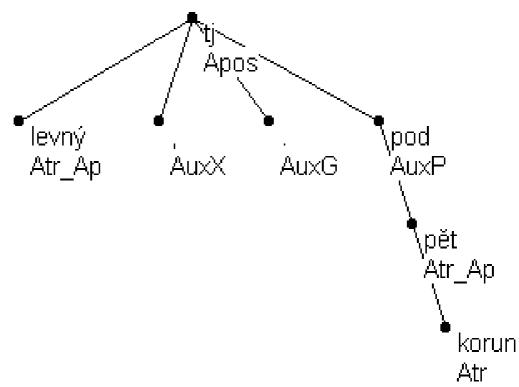
- ... (to) magic, mystic(,) etc.
- ... magii , mystice apod.





Apposition

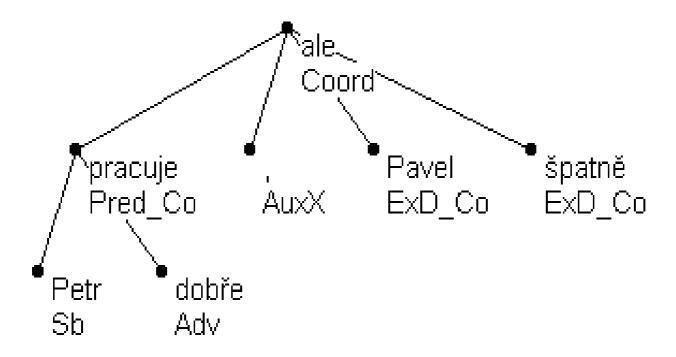
- cheap, i.e. under 5 crown
- levný, tj. pod 5 korun





Incomplete phrases

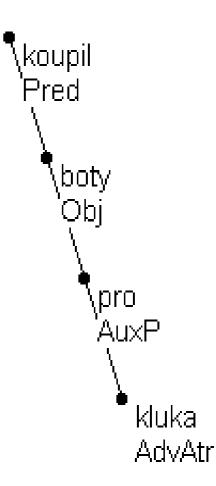
- Peter works well, but Paul badly
- Petr pracuje dobře, ale Pavel špatně





• Variants (equality)

- (he) bought shoes for boy
- koupil
 boty pro kluka





Using the Results: Parsing

- Several parsers of Czech
 - Analytical layer dependency syntax
 - Trained on PDT 1.0 dat, 1.2 mil. words
- <u>Collins (98), Charniak (00)</u>, Žabokrtský (02), Ribarov (04), Nivre (05), Zeman(05), McDonald (05)
- Best results (accuracy: percent of correct dependencies):
 - 84-85% for a single parser, > 86% for a combination

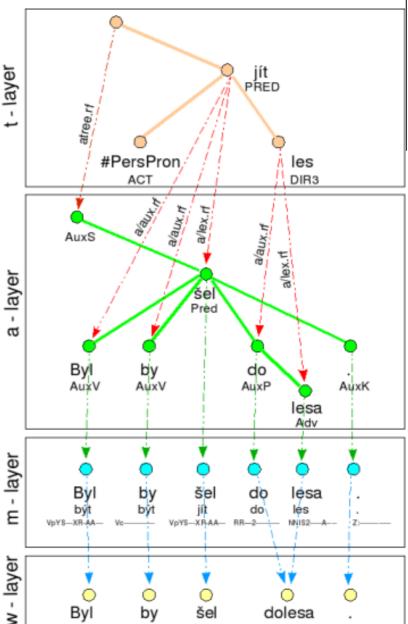
The Prague Markup Language (Intro only – see P. Pajas, p. 6)



- XML-based, UTF-8 coding used
- Stand-off annotation
 - strict hierarchical scheme
 - 4 files for each annotated document ~ 4 layers of annotation
- Can capture intermediate annotation
 - e.g., ambiguous analysis after morphological preprocessing
- Lexical resources linked in
 - valency lexicon referenced from t-layer data

XML Annotation Layers

- Strictly top-down links
- w+m+a can be easily "knitted"
- API for cross-layer access (programming)
- PML Schema / Relax NG
- [With slight modification, can be used for spoken data (audio as layer "-1")]

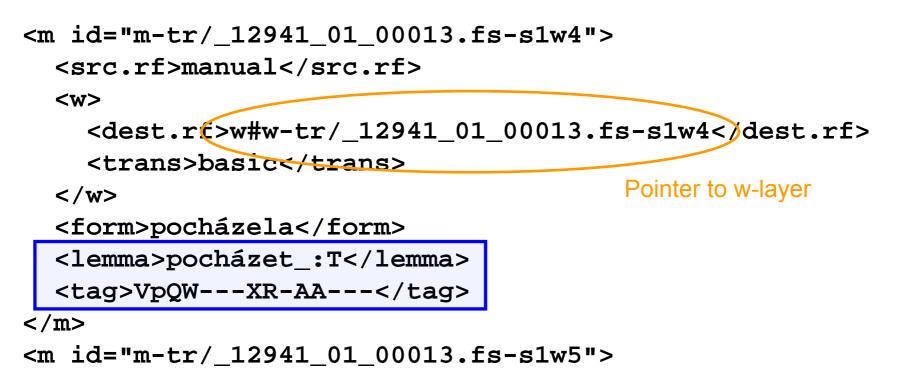




The Prague Markup Language Example



• m-layer data, linked to w-layer:



• • •

PDT Annotation Layers

state.

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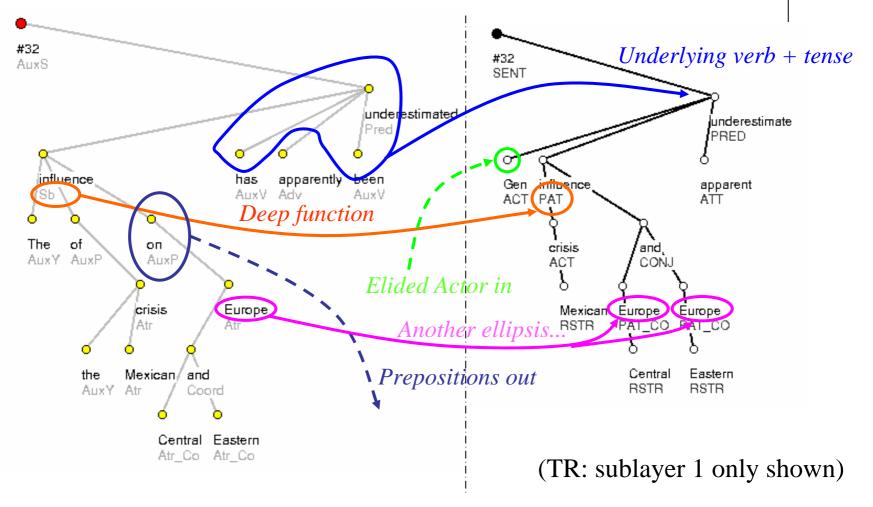
Layer 3 (t-layer): Tectogrammatical Annotation



- Underlying (deep) syntax
- 4 sublayers (integrated):
 - dependency structure, (detailed) functors
 - valency annotation
 - topic/focus and deep word order
 - coreference (mostly grammatical only)
 - all the rest (grammatemes):
 - detailed functors
 - underlying gender, number, ...
- Total
 - 39 attributes (vs. 5 at m-layer, 2 at a-layer)

Analytical vs. Tectogrammatical







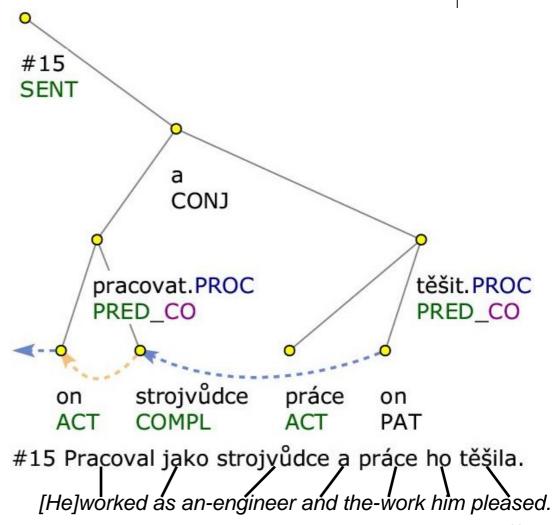
Layer 3: Tectogrammatical

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Example - TR

signal and the

- Graphical visualization
- He worked as an engineer and he liked the work.



Dependency Structure



- Similar to the surface (Analytical) layer...
 ...but:
 - certain nodes deleted
 - auxiliaries, non-autosemantic words, punctuation
 - some nodes added
 - based on word (mostly verb, noun) valency
 - some ellipsis resolution
 - detailed dependency relation labels (functors)

Tectogrammatical Functors



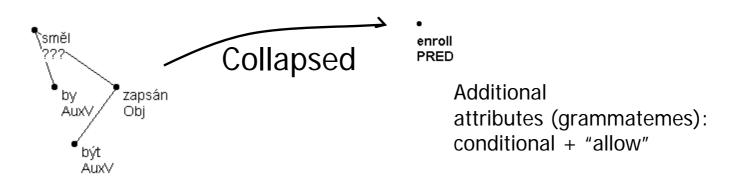
syntactic semantic

- "Actants": ACT, PAT, EFF, ADDR, ORIG
 - modify: verbs, nouns, adjectives
 - cannot repeat in a clause, usually obligatory
- Free modifications (~ 50), semantically defined
 - can repeat; optional, sometimes obligatory
 - Ex.: LOC, DIR1, ...; TWHEN, TTILL,...; RSTR; BEN, ATT, ACMP, INTT, MANN; MAT, APP; ID, DPHR, ...
- Special
 - Coordination, Rhematizers, Foreign phrases,...



• Analytical verb form:

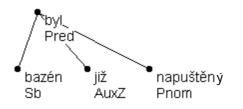
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• Predicate with copula (state)

- (the) pool has-been already filled
- bazén byl již napuštěný



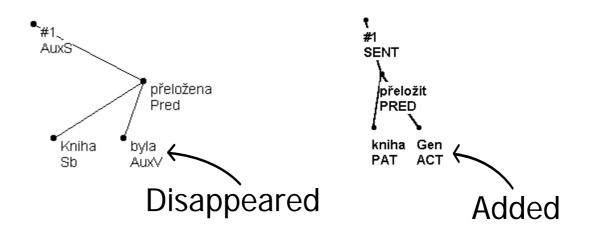
být. PRED

bazén již napuštěný ACT RHEM PAT



• Passive construction (action)

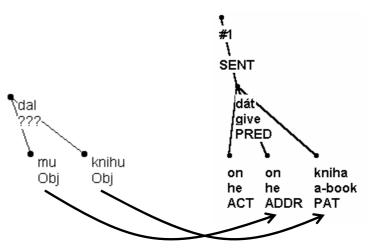
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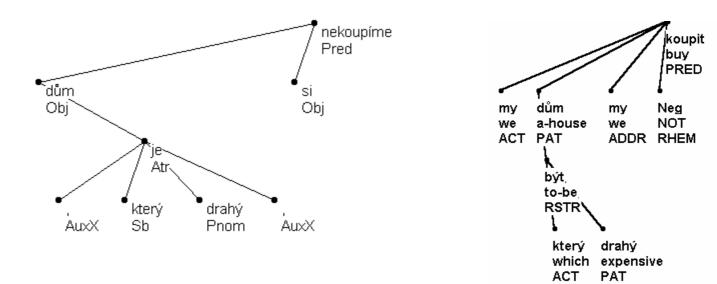


Obj goes into ACT, PAT, ADDR, EFF or ORIG based on governor's valency frame



• Relative clause (embedded)

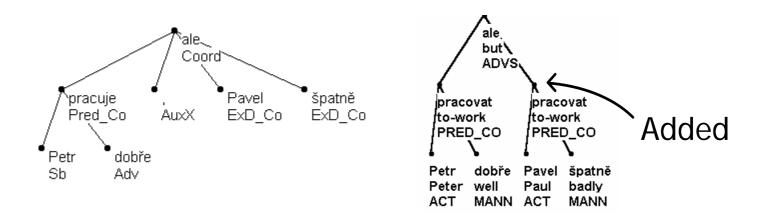
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Incomplete phrases

- Peter works well , but Paul badly
- Petr pracuje dobře, ale Pavel špatně



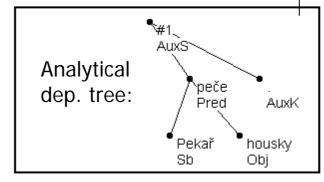


Layer 3: Tectogrammatical

- Underlying (deep) syntax
- 4 sublayers:
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 - all the rest (grammatemes):
 - detailed functors
 - underlying gender, number, ...

Deep Word Order, Topic/Focus (intro only: see E. Hajičová, p.3)





Delven helves velle

• Example:

Baker bakes rolls. vs. *Baker*^{IC} bakes rolls.

to_bake to_bake t PRED baker roll t f ACT PAT

f #1 SENT to_bake t PRED roll baker t f PAT ACT

Deep Word Order Topic/Focus



- Deep word order:
 - from "old" information to the "new" one (left-toright) at every level (head included)
 - projectivity by definition (almost...)
 - i.e., partial level-based order -> total d.w.o.
- Topic/focus/contrastive topic
 - attribute of every node (t, f, c)
 - restricted by d.w.o. and other constraints



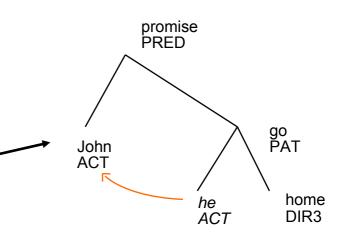
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Coreference (intro only: see E. Hajičová p.3)



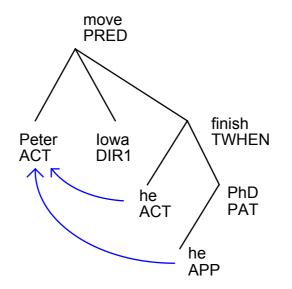
- Grammatical (easy)
 - relative clauses
 - which, who
 - Peter and Paul, who ...
 - control
 - infinitival constructions
 - John promised to go ...
 - reflexive pronouns
 - {him,her,thme}self(-ves)
 - Mary saw herself in ...







- Textual
 - Ex.: Peter moved to Iowa after he finished his PhD.





Layer 3: Tectogrammatical

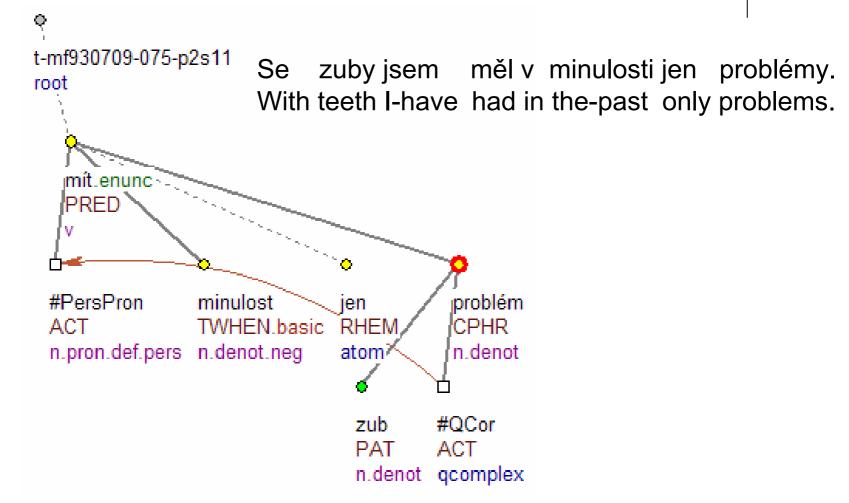
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Grammatemes (intro only: see Z. Žabokrtský p. 3)

- Detailed functors (subfunctors)
 - only for some functors:
 - TWHEN: before/after
 - LOC: next-to, behind, in-front-of, ...
 - also: ACMP, BEN, CPR, DIR1, DIR2, DIR3, EXT
- Lexical (underlying)
 - number (SG/PL), tense, modality, degree of comparison, ...
 - strictly only where necessary (agreement!)



Example - simplified view



Fully Annotated Sentence

